Gurugram Global College of Pharmacy



Course File

Subject Name: Social and Preventive Pharmacy

Code: BP802T

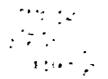
Faculty Name: Ms. Pooja Sharma

Course: B. Pharmacy

Year: 2022

Semester: 8th

Session: 2022-23





CONTENT OF COURSE FILE

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUBCODE:

BP802T

CONTENT OF COURSE FILE

1.	Cover Page	:
2.	Vision and Mission of the Institute	
3.	Program Educational Objectives	
4.	Program Outcomes	
5.	Program Specific Outcomes	
6.	Course Evaluation Scheme (Pt. B.D. Sharma University)	
7.	Course Objective and Course Outcomes	
8.	CO- PO & PSO Mapping	
9.	Academic Calendar	
10.	Time Table (Class TT & Faculty TT)	
11.	Teacher-Student Interaction Schedule	<u> </u>
12.	Syllabus as per university	
13.	Unit-wise Lecture Blowup (With topics beyond syllabus)	
14.	List of Students (All Sections)	
15.	Tutorials/Assignments (With Hint if required)	
16.	Record of Monthly attendance (Before Class Test 1 & Class Test 2)	

17.	Class Test Papers with Solutions	_
18.	Internal Marks and External Marks	
19.	List of Weak Students (Actions taken to assist them)	
20.	List of bright Students (Actions taken for enhancing their performance)	
21.	List of Students having Short Attendance (Actions taken for improving their attendance)	
22.	Course Outcome Attainment	-
23.	Previous year Question Papers of Pt BD Sharma University (At least 03 years)	
24.	Question Bank (Covering all units of syllabus)	
25.	Class Notes with Real-world examples (In Separate File)	
26.	PPTs (Unit-wise)	
27.	Relevant Videos (Unit-wise)	

(faculty sign) Ms. Pooja Sharma

(HOD)

Ms. Sweety

Clauncipal)

Prof. (Dr.) India Raheja.



VISION AND MISSION OF INSTITUTE

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

VISION OF INSTITUTE

Our vision is to improve health through innovation and leadership in pharmacy education, research and clinical practice and to transform healthcare to create positive patient outcomes.

Our core values emphasize:

- 1. To provide quality education to student of pharmaceutical sciences at all academic levels, using best practices and evidence-based educational approaches, which enable our graduates to advance their profession.
- 2. To provide an academic environment that promotes effective mentoring, professional growth, and development.
- 3. To be a prestigious college that advances basic, clinical and translational research.
- 4. To meet and improve society's health wellness and health care.
- 5. Lead innovative research in pharmaceutical sciences and patient care through embracing the value of interdisciplinary work.

MISSION OF INSTITUTE

Our mission is to develop pharmacists, educators and researchers whose leadership dedication and innovation improvise the health of our local and global communities.

- 1.To provide excellent education in a stimulating environment where knowledge of basic subjects is integrated with health concerns for the world community.
- 2. The program teaches professional ethics, social responsibility and commitment of lifelong learning.
- 3. It imparts skill to work in industry, clinical set ups, drug control organization, education and research in pharmaceutical field. \sim



PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: 802T

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

PEO1. Basic Knowledge: Graduates of the program will be having strong background in pharmaceutical sciences and able to use these tools in pharmaceutical industry, hospitals and/or institutes for success.

PEO2. Core Competence: To provide students with a solid foundation in Pharmaceutics, Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmacology and Pharmacognosy fundamentals as per the requirement of Pharmaceutical Industries, Community and Hospital Pharmacy, Clinical Research and also to pursue higher studies.

PEO3. Extensiveness: To train students with respect to following aspects:

- Drug regulation
- Drug Management
- Drug Production
- Patient Management
- Management of Health Services
- Generation of Information
- Dissemination of Information
- Community Leadership
- Pharmacovigilance

PEO4. Training: To train students to excel in postgraduate programmes or to succeed in technical profession through rigorous education.

PEO5. Professionalism: To inculcate in students professional and ethical attitude, effective communication skills, teamwork skills, multidisciplinary approach, and an ability to relate Pharmaceutical Sciences issues to broader social context.

PEO6. Assessment: Graduates of the program will be able to evaluate pros and cons, benefits and deficiencies of the matter they studied; pharmaceutical technology they learned and ideology they observed in the field of pharmaceutical sciences



PROGRAM OUTCOMES

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Pharmacist Graduates will be able to:

- 1. Pharmacy Knowledge: Possess knowledge and comprehension of the core and basic knowledge associated with the profession of pharmacy, including biomedical sciences; pharmaceutical sciences; behavioural, social, and administrative pharmacy sciences; and manufacturing practices.
- 2. Planning Abilities: Demonstrate effective planning abilities including time management, resource management, delegation skills and organizational skills. Develop and implement plans and organize work to meet deadlines.
- 3. Problem analysis: Utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solving problems and making decisions during daily practice. Find, analyze, evaluate and apply information systematically and shall make defensible decisions.
- **4. Modern tool usage:** Learn, select, and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy-related computing tools with an understanding of the limitations.
- **5. Leadership skills:** Understand and consider the human reaction to change, motivation issues, leadership and team-building when planning changes required for Fulfilment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities. Assume participatory roles as responsible citizens or leadership roles when appropriate to facilitate improvement in health and well being.
- **6. Professional Identity:** Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. health care professionals, promoters of health, educators, managers, employers, employees).
- 7. Pharmaceutical Ethics: Honour personal values and apply ethical principles in professional and social contexts. Demonstrate behaviour that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frameworks; apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility for the outcomes associated with the decisions.
- **8. Communication:** Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports, make effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.
- 9. The Pharmacist and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional pharmacy practice.
- 10. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- 11. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. Self-assess and use feedback effectively from others to identify learning needs and to satisfy these needs on an ongoing basis.



COURSE EVALUATION SCHEME

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB

CODE:

BP802T

B. Pharmacy 8th Sem

COURSE CODE	NAME OF COURSE	NO. OF HOURS	TUTORIAL	CREDIT POINTS
BP802T	B. PHARMACY	3	1	4

Tables-X: Schemes for internal assessments and end-semester examinations semester-wise

Semester VIII

Course			Internal As	sessment		End Seme	Total	
code	Name of the course	Continuous Mode	Session: Marks	al Exams Duration	Total	Marks	Duration	Marks
BP801T	Biostatistics and Research Methodology – Theory	10	15	l Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP802T	Social and Preventive Pharmacy - Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP803ET	Pharmaceutical Marketing – Theory							
BP804ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science - Theory							
BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance - Theory							
BP806ET	Quality Control and Standardizations of Herbals – Theory	10 + 10	15 + 15 = 30	1 ÷ 1 = 2 Hrs	25 + 25 = 50	75 + 75 = 150	3+3=6 Hrs	100 +
BP807ET	Computer Aided Drug Design – Theory	= 20						100 = 200
BP808ET	Cell and Molecular Biology – Theory							
BP809ET	Cosmetic Science - Theory							
BP810ET	Experimental Pharmacology – Theory							
BP811ET	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques – Theory							
BP812PW	Project Work	-	-	-	-	150	4 Hrs	150
	Total	40	60	4 Hrs	100	450	16 Hrs	550

Internal assessment: Continuous mode

The marks allocated for Continuous mode of Internal Assessment shall be awarded as per the scheme given below.

Table-Scheme for awarding internal assessment: Continuous mode

Theory			
Criteria	Maximum Marks		
Attendance (Refer Table – XII)	4		2
Academic activities (Average of any 3 activities e.g. quiz, assignm open book test, field work, group discussion, and seminar)	ent, ₃		1.5
Student – Teacher interaction	3		1.5
Total		10	5
Practical			
Attendance (Refer Table – XII) 2			
Based on Practical Records, Regular viva voce, etc. 3			
Total . 5			

Table- XII: Guidelines for the allotment of marks for attendance

Percentage of Attendance	Theory	Practical
95 – 100	4	2
90 – 94	3	1.5
85 89	2	1
80 – 84	1	0.5
Less than 80	0	0

11.2.1. Sessional Exams

Two Sessional exams shall be conducted for each theory / practical course as per the schedule fixed by the college(s). The scheme of question paper for theory and practical Sessional examinations is given below. The average marks of two Sessional exams shall be computed for internal assessment as per the requirements given in tables -X.

Sessional exam shall be conducted for 30 marks for theory and shall be computed for 15 marks. Similarly Sessional exam for practical shall be conducted for 40 marks and shall be computed for 10 marks.

Question paper pattern for theory Sessional examinations

For subjects having University examinations

Table-XIII: Tentative schedule of end semester examinations

For Regular Candidates	For Failed Candidates		
November / December	May / June		
May / June	November / December		
	November / December		

Total =

40 marks

Question paper pattern for end semester theory Examinations For 75 marks paper

I. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) =
$$20 \times 1 = 20$$

OR OR OR

Objective Type Questions (10×2) = $10 \times 2 = 20$
(Answer all the questions)

II. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 3) = $2 \times 10 = 20$
III. Short Answers (Answer 7 out of 9) = $7 \times 5 = 35$
 9

Total = 75 marks

Question paper pattern for end semester practical examinations

I. Synopsis = 5
II. Experiments = 25
III. Viva voce = 5



COURSE OBJECTIVES AND COURSE OUTCOME

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

BP 802T SOCIAL AND PREVENTIVE PHARMACY

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The purpose of this course is to introduce to students a number of health issues and their challenges. This course also introduced a number of national health programmes. The roles of the pharmacist in these contexts are also discussed.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO 1: Acquire high consciousness of current issues related to health and pharmaceutical problems within the country and worldwide.
- CO 2: Acquire high realization of current issues related to health and pharmaceutical problems within the country and worldwide.
- **CO 3:** Students become aware about national health programs.
- CO 4: Develop a critical way of thinking based on current healthcare development.
- CO 5: Evaluate the alternative ways of solving problems related to health and pharmaceutical issues



CO-PO & PSO MAPPING

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUBCODE: BP802T

C 3	2									L	
	I		-	-	3	3	1	1	2		2
3	2		-	-	•	1	2	2	2		2
3	2		3	1	3	3	2	3	3		2
3	-		-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	2
2	1		1	2	3	2	2 12	2	2	2	2
 D 5	2	2 1		2 1 1	2 1 1 2	2 1 1 2 3	2 1 1 2 3 2		2 1 1 2 3 2 12	2 1 1 2 3 2 12 2	



ACADEMIC CALENDAR

SESSION: 2022-23

SUB

CODE:

BP802T

S.No.	Particulars	Date	Responsibility
1	Commencement of B Pharm second, fourth & Sixth	13/06/2022	
	Commencement of B Pharm eighth semester	8/3/2022	
2	1st Attendance Review (2nd, 4th, 6th	10/08/2022	Academic Coordinators
	sem)	21/3/2022	
	1st Attendance Review (8th semester)		
3	Sessional Exam-I (2 nd , 4 th , 6 th)	22/8/2022-	Concerned HOD
	Sessional Examination-1 (8 th	26/8/2022	
	semester)	4/4/2022-	
		8/04/2022	
4	Review of 1 st Sessional Examinations (2 nd , 4 th , 6 th sem)	15/09/2022	Concerned HOD
	Review of 1st Sessional Examinations (8th semester)	15/04/2022	
5	First PTM	21/09/2022	
6	2 nd Attendance review (2 nd , 4 th)	22/11/2022	Academic Coordinators
7	Sessional Examination - 2(8th	20/6/2022-	Concerned HOD
	semester)	29/6/2022	
	2 nd Sessional Exam (6 th Sem)		
	2 nd Sessional Examination (2 nd , 4 th)	27.09.2022-	
		7.10.2022	
		5.12.2022-14	
		14.12.2022	
8	Review of 2 nd Sessional Examinations (2 nd , 4 th)	20/12/22	Concerned
9	Attendance compilation (2 nd , 4 th)	28/12/22	Academic Coordinators
10	University Theory Examinations	09/07/2022-	As per university
	Tentative (8th sem)	30/07/2022	
	University Theory Examination		
	Tentative (2 nd , 4 th Sem)	05.01.2023-	
		25.01.2023	·
	University Theory Examination Tentative (6 th Sem)		
		15.10.2022-	
		10.11.2022	

11	University Practical Exams (2 nd , 4 th)	As	per	As per university
		university		
	University Practical Exams (6th Sem)			
	University Practical Exams (8th Sem)			



TIME TABLE (Semester)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

				1	B. Pharma Sth	Sem .			•	
Day	9,00-9:55	9:55-10:50	10:50-11:45	11:45-12:40	12.40-1:00	1:00 - 1:55	1:55 - 2:50	2:55-3:45 pm	3:45 - 4.40	
Mon.	Biostat Research Scholar (Dr Richa)	SPP (MS Pooja Sharna)	Ph. Marketing Mgt (Ms Vidushi)	Ph. Regulatory Sci.(Ms Pooja rana)	Lunch	P	roject Work(Dr Indira Raheja/Mr	Vinod Gahlot/DrRicha I	Bajaj)	
Tue.	SPP (MS Pooja Sharna)	Cosmetics (Ms Preeti Dahiya)	Ph. Marketing Mgt (Ms Vidushi)	Ph. Regulatory Sci.(Afs Pooja rana)	Lunch	P.	roject Work(Dr Indira Raheja/Mi	Vinod GahlovDrRicha E	Bajaj)	
Wed.	Biostat Research Scholar (Dr Richa)	SPP (MS Pooja Shanna)	Cosmetics (Ms Preeti Dahiya)	Ph. Regulatory Sci.(Ms Pooja rana)	Lunch	Project Work(Dr Indira Raheja/Mr Vinod Gahlot/DrRicha Bajaj)				
Tlaz	SPP (MS Pooja Slanua)	Biostat Research Scholar (Dr Richa)	Ph. Marketing Mgt (Ms Vidushi)	Ph. Regulatory Sci.(Ms Pooja rana)	Lunch	Presentation of project work				
Fri.	Ph. Marketing Mgt (Ms Vidushi)	Cosnetics (Ms Preeti Daliya)	Biostat Research Scholar (Dr Richa)	Cosmetics (Ms Preeti Dahiya)	Lunch		Presentation of	project work		



TIME TABLE (Faculty wise)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Periods	I	II	Ш	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
Days	9.00-9.55	9.55-10.50	10.50- 11.45	11.45- 12.40	12.40-1.00	1.00-4.40 p) m	
Monday		SPP(PS)	P'cology(P S)		Lunch			
Tuesday	SPP(PS)		P'cology(P S)					
Wednesday		SPP(PS)	P'cology(P S)			A1 LAB P'cology (PS)		
Thursday	SPP(PS)					A2 LAB P;cology (PS)		
Friday	P'cology(PS)							



STUDENT- TEACHER INTERACTION

SCHEDULE

SESSION: 2022- 23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Student-Teacher Interaction Schedule

Periods	I	IÌ	m	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
Days	9.00-9.55	9.55-10.50	10.50- 11.45	11.45- 12.40	12.40-1.00	1.00-4.4	l0Pm	
Monday					Lunch			Interaction
Tuesday								
Wednesday								
Thursday								
Friday								Interaction



SYLLABUS-THEORY

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course content

Scope:

The purpose of this course is to introduce to students a number of health issues and their challenges. This course also introduced a number of national health programmes. The roles of the pharmacist in these contexts are also discussed.

Objectives:

After the successful completion of this course, the student shall be able to:

- Acquire high consciousness/realization of current issues related to health and pharmaceutical problems within the country and worldwide.
- Have a critical way of thinking based on current healthcare development.
- Evaluate alternative ways of solving problems related to health and pharmaceutical issues

Course content:

Unit I:

10 Hours

Concept of health and disease: Definition, concepts and evaluation of public health.

Understanding the concept of prevention and control of disease, social causes of diseases and social problems of the sick.

Social and health education: Food in relation to nutrition and health, Balanced diet, Nutritional deficiencies, Vitamin deficiencies, Malnutrition and its prevention.

Sociology and health: Socio cultural factors related to health and disease, Impact of

urbanization on health and disease, Poverty and health

Hygiene and health: personal hygiene and health care; avoidable habits 19

Unit II: 10 Hours

Preventive medicine: General principles of prevention and control of diseases such as cholera, SARS, Ebola virus, influenza, acute respiratory infections, malaria, chicken guinea, dengue, lymphatic filariasis, pneumonia, hypertension, diabetes mellitus, cancer, drug addiction-drug substance abuse

Unit III: 10 Hours

National health programs, its objectives, functioning and outcome of the following:

HIV AND AIDS control programme, TB, Integrated disease surveillance program (IDSP), National leprosy control programme, National mental health program, National 159 programme for prevention and control of deafness, Universal immunization programme, National programme for control of blindness, Pulse polio programme.

Unit IV: 08 Hours

National health intervention programme for mother and child, National family welfare programme, National tobacco control programme, National Malaria Prevention Program, National programme for the health care for the elderly, Social health programme; role of WHO in Indian national program

Unit V: 07Hours

Community services in rural, urban and school health: Functions of PHC, Improvement in rural sanitation, national urban health mission, Health promotion and education in school.



UNIT-WISE LECTURE DETAIL PLAN (LDP)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Session:2022-23 Course: Pharmacy Semester: V

Internal Marks:25

Course Code: BP802T Program: B. Pharmacy External Marks:75

Lecture	-Proposed	Topics to be covered	CO	Actual	Remarks and
No.	Date of Coverage		covered	Lecture Date	Sign
		Unit 1			
1	8-3-22	Concept of health and disease: Definition, concepts and evaluation of public health.	Col	8 3 22.	fooja.
2	9-3-22	Understanding the concept of prevention and control of disease	Coj	09/3/22	fora,
3	10-3-22	Social and health education: Food in relation to nutrition and health, Balanced diet	coj	11/3/22	Poja.
4	14-3-22	Nutritional deficiencies, Vitamin deficiencies, Malnutrition and its prevention	co1	14/3/22	Proja.
5 .	15-3-22	Sociology and health: Socio cultural factors related to health and disease, Impact of urbanization on health and disease	Col	15 3 /22.	Poga.
6	16-3-22	Poverty and health	Co	213/22	Cultural event for
7	21-3-22	Hygiene and health: personal hygiene and health care; avoidable habits	Col.	22/3/22	Roja
8	22-3-22	Revision Class I		22 3 22.	P220
9	22-3-22	Assignment I and Class Test I		23 3 22	Tobia.

		UNIT: II				
16	23-3-22	Preventive medicine:		n Ulalan		
		General principles of		127 3724	2	
		prevention and control of	(02		108	
	,	diseases such as	(02		! .	
		cholera, SARS	100		D Z A	
17	24-3-22	Ebola virus, influenza	C02	24 3 22	100	\
18	28-3-22	acute respiratory infections,	C02	28 3 22	Proper before	2 32)>
19	29-3-22	chicken guinea, dengue	CO2	29/8/22	loops.	
20	30-3-22	lymphatic filariasis, pneumonia, hypertension	co2	30/3/2	Ragio.	`
21	31-3-22	diabetes mellitus, cancer	CD2_	044122	Poolar Devortish	p.04)
22	4-4-22	drug addiction-drug substance abuse	C02-	06/4/22	Pooja.	[3] 22],
23	5-4-22	Revision Class II		02412	P0071.	
24	5-4-22	Assignment II & Class Test II		12/4/22	120092	
	1			1 1 1		
		UNIT:III				
28 .	6-4-22	HIV AND AIDS control program, TB	C03	14/4/22	Pasja,	
29	7-4-22	Integrated disease	•			
		surveillance program	C03	18 4 22	Poola	
		(IDSP), National leprosy		1 ' ' 1	1	
		control programme				
30	11-4-22	National mental health	4 - 0	19/4/22	P0019	
		program, National programme	L03	1117	14	
		for prevention and control of				
		deafness		22		\mathbf{O}
31	12-4-22	Universal immunization	C03	20/4/22	Posia	
	10.4.00	programme			1	
32	13-4-22	National programme for	C03	25/1/22	Posia,	
22	14 4 00	control of blindness		<i>V</i> 1. !	700	
33	14-4-22	Pulse polio programme	603.	26 4 22	100 as	
34	18-4-22	Revision Class III & Class		27/4/22	loja.	
		Test III		-	1/00	
		TINITE IV	1	<u> </u>	· ·	
27	10 4 22	UNII: IV	u 7			
37	19-4-22	National health intervention	<u>ር ልሀ</u>	20/11/20	00	
		programme for mother and	coy	10/4/24	100/2	
		child, National family welfare		' .	,	
	ŀ	programme		1		

38	20-4-22	National tobacco control programme, National Malaria Prevention Program	COZ	02/5/22	Porpas.
39	21-4-22	National programme for the health care for the elderly	C03	04/5/22	Poola,
40	25-4-22	Social health programme	COZ	09 5 22	Porter
41	26-4-22	Role of WHO in Indian National Programme	C03.	10/5/22	Poga.
43	27-4-22	Revision Class IV		11 05 22	Postar.
44	28-4-22	Assignment IV & Class Test IV		12/05/22	Poora.

		UNIT: V		11'	
47	2-5-22	Community services in rural,	Calı	16/05/22	Posia.
		urban and school health	coy		100
48	4-5-22	PHC and its functions	_ COS	18/08/22	P0079.
49	9-5-22	Improvement	C05	101000	200 91
<u> </u>		in rural sanitation		19/05/22	186 95
50	10-5-22	national urban health mission	_ cos	23/05/22	100 a
51	11-5-22	Health promotion and	100		7
		education in	COS	124/05/22	100 41
		school		' '	- - -
52	12-5-22	Revision Class V		25/05/2	P00 9,
53	16-5-22	Assignment V & Class Test V		3105/22	foor a.
54	17-5-22	Revision Class		01 06 22	2001-97
55	18-5-22	Revision Class		02/06/22	10014.
56	19-5-22	Revision Class		06 06 22	Poha
57	30-5-22	Revision Class		00/06/22	1000,01
58	31-5-22	Revision Class		09/06/22	Popla.
59	1-6-22	Revision Class		14/06/22	P00192
60	2-6-22	Revision Class		15 26 22	Porth

Revision classes upto 15/07/22 Poolar



Syllabus Coverage in Class Test

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Coverage in	CT-1 -30%
	CT-2 - 60%
	CT-3 - 100%
List of text books	T1 Short Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, Prabhakar GN, 2n
	Edition,
	2010, ISBN: 9789380704104, JAYPEE Publications
	T2 Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine (Mahajan and
	Gupta), Edited by Roy Rabindra Nath, Saha Indranil, 4th
	Edition, 2013, ISBN: 9789350901878, JAYPEE Publications
	T3 Park Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, K Park,
	21st Edition, 2011, ISBN-14: 9788190128285,
	BANARSIDAS BHANOT PUBLISHERS.
List of Reference	R1 Review of Preventive and Social Medicine (Including
books	Biostatistics), Jain Vivek, 6th
	Edition, 2014, ISBN: 9789351522331, JAYPEE Publications
	R2 Essentials of Community Medicine—A Practical Approach,
	Hiremath Lalita D, Hiremath Dhananjaya A, 2nd Edition,
	2012, ISBN: 9789350250440, JAYPEE Publications
	R3 Community Pharmacy Practice, Ramesh Adepu, BSP
	publishers, Hyderabad
Web Links	L1 B Pharm Social and Preventive Pharmacy Notes pdf - Pharma Edu



LIST OF STUDENTS

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Program: B. PHARMACY

Semester: 8th Sem Course: Pharmacy

Course Code: BP802T

S.	Enrollment no.	Name of the Student
No.		
	_	
1	19P1001	AAYUSH KAUSHIK
2	19P1003	ABHINAV TANWAR
3	19P1004	ABHISHEK KUMAR
4	19P1005	ABHISHEK KUMAR SHARMA
5	19P1006	ADITI RANJAN
6	19P1007	ALI AMIR MUSTFA
7	19P1008	AMAN FIROJ
8	19P1011	ANKIT JAISWAL
9	19P1012	ANKIT PRASAR
10	19P1013	ANKIT TOKAS
11	19P1014	ASHISH GUPTA '
12	19P1015	ASHRIT 25
13	19P1016	BHAWNA SACHDEVA
14	19P1017	BIKRAM MODAK
15	19P1018	BIPIN KUMAR KUSHWAHA
16	19P1019 ·	CHANDAN PAL
17	19P1020 '	CHARANPREET KAUR SALUJA
18	19P1021	DEBASISH MAJUMDAR
19	19P1023	DIKSHA
20	19P1024	DIVYANSHU YADAV
21	19P1025	FARHAN AHMAD KHAN
22	19P1027	GAURAV KUMAR
23	19P1028	GEETANJALI
24	19P1029	HARIMOHAN CHAUDHARY
25	19P1030	HEMANT TEWARI

26	19P1031	KANHAIYA KUMAR ROY
27	19P1032	KETAN KUMAR
28	19P1033	KOMAL
29	19P1034	KUMAR AMIT
30	19P1035	KUNDAN KUMAR
31	19P1036	LOKESH
32	19P1037	MANISH KUMAR
33	19P1038	MANISHA
34	19P1039	MD EBRAHEEM
35	19P1040	MD SHAHBAZ ALAM
36	19P1041	MEGHA KUMARI
37	19P1042	NITIN KUMAR SHARMA
38	19P1043	PARVEEN
39	19P1044	PARVESH BHATTI
40	19P1045	PRASHANT SARASWAT
41	19P1046	PREETI KUMARI
42	19P1047	PRINCE TANWAR
43	19P1048	RAVI KANT
44	19P1049	RITIK RAJ
45	19P1050	ROHIT PAUL
46	19P1051	SHAMIMA KHATOON
47	19P1052	SMIRTI
48	19P1053	SONU
49	19P1054	SWITI KUMARI
50	19P1055	VIKAS KUMAR JHA
51	19P1056	VIVEK BASUMATARY
52	19P1057	AKANKSHA MEHRA
53	19P1058	GARVIT RAJ
54	19P1059	HIMANSHU SONI
55	19P1060	JAYA BISHT 26
56	19P1061	NISHANT SHARMA
57	19P1062	SAMSUJIMA
58	19P1063	SAURABH TRIPATHI
59	19P1065	SHOBIT SINGH
60	19P1066	TAMANNA DUGAR
61	19P1067	VIJAY LAKSHMI
62	19P1068	ZEBA GOURD '

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ASSIGNMENT (1/4)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy

Session: 2022-23

Subject Name & Code: Social& Preventive Pharmacy

Semester: 8th

(BP802T)

Note/Instruction – Attempt all questions.

Assignment-I

- Q.1 What do you mean by disease? Write the social cause of disease and social problems of the sick.
- Q2. Define health, concept and evaluation of public health.
- Q3. Write a short note on malnutrition and its prevention.
- Q4. Write the sociocultural factors related to health and disease.
- Q5. What do you mean by balanced diet and elaborate vitamin deficiencies.



ASSIGNMENT (2/4)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy

Session: 2022-23

Subject Name & Code: Social& Preventive Pharmacy

Semester: 8th

(BP802T)

Note/Instruction - Attempt all questions.

- Q1. Write a short note on SARS and Ebola virus.
- Q2. Write a note on prevention of Diabetes Mellitus.
- Q3. What is cancer? Explain its symptoms, prevention and Control.
- Q4. Write epidemiological deficiency of anemia?
- Q5. Write a note on pulse polio program.



ASSIGNMENT (3/4)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy

Session: 2022-23

Subject Name & Code: Social& Preventive Pharmacy (BP802T)

Semester: 8th

Time allowed: 5 Days

Note/Instruction - Attempt all questions.

Q1. Write a short note on the national malaria prevention program.

- Q2. Write the objectives of the national health program.
- Q3. What is the role of WHO in Indian national health programme?
- Q4. Write a short note on the Integrated disease surveillance program.



ASSIGNMENT (4/4)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy

Session: 2022-23

Subject Name & Code: Social& Preventive Pharmacy (BP802T)

Semester: 8th

Time allowed: 5 Days

Note/Instruction - Attempt all questions.

- Q1. What do you mean by PHC and the functions of PHC?
- Q2. Write a note on health promotion and education in schools.
- Q3. What is the composition of staff in the community health care system?
- Q4. How the health care system is improved by improving rural sanitation.
- Q5. Explain the role of personal hygiene in health care.



Monthly Attendance

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

1. Haywh. Kawhik P. 17 1. 2. Abhiray Tanua P. 12 P. 3. Abhishek Kuran A H. H. 16. Chandan pal 1A. Billyan Mobals 7. Aman Einoj SI. No. अम्य सं. 15 Bibin Ku Kwahwa 8. A. Kit Jaidwa 6. Ali Amin Musica 57 4. Abhished Kumon Aukit Brasan Aditi Ranjan Abaumo Sachdao Ashish Gupta Ankit Tokas Attendance Register २०० वर्षे १०० वरषे १०० वर्षे १०० वरषे १०० वर्षे १०० वरषे १० वरषे O O C O O O O O 0 4000 P σ F) F) o I 0 0 \Rightarrow Q 0 J 7 ত O 0 7 Q. D 70 70 ブニ 00 9 PC <u>.</u> O Ď C O O 0 TO J -5 00 7 S 5 00 O 4 J V $\overline{\Delta}$ 70 V 1503 3 -U D マ σ 7 σ Ξ \supset E V O J V σ 0 7 J 16/03 マ 7 つ ひ उ 0 **7**5 3 ত 0 उ J O V V 21 03 0 `&< りつり O 0 σ 5-0 0 V C 7 00 OO V 99 22/03 O 5 75 o o d هبم 0 σ σ *__*_| J O O ि V 22/03 7 9 J D OO 7 ত ठ ত ত 70 0 で マ Æ ਚ ゆら 0 0 0 ワ <u>_0</u> 70 7 D 6 J <u>7</u> V $\overline{\mathcal{Q}}$ 0 24 03 ₹ O ℧ ~ 10 P ユ O D J C V ∇ <u>ত</u> V 0 75 7 28/03 ____ 73 O 0 T 7 2 σ Q 0 ⋍ P 70 ***35**. 29/03 $|C_{\Sigma}|$ **छ** छ σ __ O \Rightarrow O O ı P C 30/03 J <u></u> 0 **Æ**. J 00 उ 10 D J 00 ~ o c = 31/03 で عام To ₹ v 75 ড OP 7 þ 9 ß O O OD טד 300 काकात्या हा 4/04 00 9 סר व व व व व C C O O OO 95/94 =3 7 ಌು $\subseteq \sigma$ D \supset जानानान 7 10 σ **□** O J O à. 0/2/194 O 100 O σ O Q <u>01010</u> Ö σ $\sigma | c$ 7 な \$ O Q O V 7 olo lo \Rightarrow σ で σ $|\sigma$ 0 8 O O σ <u>...</u> 70 σ 9 \Rightarrow O 0 70 <u>v v</u> 7 v ℧ 7 2)|20 O O \overline{z} 0 <u>9</u> 0 O 70 O Q σ て ᄬ Ū × O 5 O 70 \Rightarrow رت U 7 7 10 Q 70 =Ż ਹ U V O J 7 0 V **____** \supset O マ abla<u>7</u> ~ -21 \Rightarrow D 70 TO で σ مام ゟ <u>্য</u> J D σ 13 ತ O 7 \Rightarrow פר \supset 7 エ 0 V 0 Z U 8 P σ 00 abla σ 70 σ 0 O 00 O V O उ σ σ ō ত **35** 7 \Rightarrow σ Ø 7 σ Q 0 0 Ø 0 8 $\overline{}$ \supset J O 1 T D שׁכ V Q ${\tilde{\sim}}$ D J 7 X = Q D 0 σ ठ 7 ত \overline{c} ∀ O ₹ 20| O 78. りつもの O वानायाम्यानाम 27 D) ত 0 Wages वेतन Year Total Days ۾ उत दिन \$ TAILS! Sign.



Class Tests (1/2)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy

Session: 2023-24

Subject Name & Code: Social &Preventive Pharmacy

Semester: 8th

(BP802T)

Note/Instruction - Attempt all questions.

Class Test-I

Max. Marks: 30 Roll No

Time 1.00 Hr.

Section- A

All questions are compulsory.

2*5=10

1. What are the socio-economic indicators of health?	CO1
2.Define health as per WHO.	COI
3. What do you mean by contamination and infestation?	CO2
4. What are the causes of malaria	CO2
What is the BCG vaccine? How it is administered?	CO3

Section-B

Attempt any 2 questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

5*2=10

1. Write a note on food about nutrition and health.	CO1
2. Write general principles of prevention and control of cholera.	CO3
3. Write the evaluation of public health.	CO1

34

Section-C

Attempt any 2 questions. Each question carries $10\ marks$.

10*1=10

1. Explain different vitamin deficiency disorders and their prevention.	CO2
2. Explain the Integrated Disease Surveillance Program (IDSP).	COI



Class Tests Solution (1/2)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM:8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy

Session: 2022-23

Subject Name &Subject Code: Social& Preventive

Semester: 8th

Pharmacy (BP802T)

Note/Instruction - Attempt all questions.

Section-A

Ans1: Socioeconomic indicators play a significant role in determining health outcomes. Here are two key indicators:

- Income and poverty level
- Education level

Ans2: The World Health Organization (WHO) defines health as "a state of complete physical, mental, and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity."

Ans3: "Contamination" refers to the presence of harmful substances or organisms in an environment where they should not be.

"infestation" typically refers to the invasion or presence of pests or parasites in a living organism, such as insects, rodents, or microorganisms like fungi or mites.

Ans4: Malaria is caused by plasmodium species by the bites of female anopheles mosquito.

Ans5: The Bacillus Calmette-Guérin (BCG) vaccine is a vaccine primarily used to protect against tuberculosis (TB). It is administered intradermally.

Section-B

Ans1: Essential Nutrients: A healthy diet should include a variety of nutrient-rich foods, including fruits, vegetables, whole grains, lean proteins, and healthy fats. These foods provide essential nutrients such as carbohydrates for energy, proteins for tissue repair and growth, fats for insulation and cell structure, vitamins for immune function and metabolism, and minerals for bone health and fluid balance.

Prevention of Chronic Diseases: A diet rich in fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and lean proteins can help

prevent chronic diseases such as heart disease, diabetes, obesity, and certain types of cancer. For example, consuming high-fiber foods like whole grains and legumes can help regulate blood sugar levels and lower the risk of type 2 diabetes. Similarly, a diet low in saturated fats and cholesterol can reduce the risk of heart disease and stroke.

Immune Function: Proper nutrition is essential for maintaining a healthy immune system. Nutrients like vitamins A, C, E, and zinc play key roles in immune function and can help the body fight off infections and illnesses. Including a variety of colorful fruits and vegetables in the diet ensures a sufficient intake of these immune-boosting nutrients.

Energy and Vitality: A well-balanced diet provides the energy needed for daily activities and physical exercise. Carbohydrates are the body's primary source of energy, while proteins help build and repair tissues, and fats provide a concentrated source of energy for endurance activities. Consuming a mix of these macronutrients in appropriate proportions can help maintain energy levels and promote vitality.

Mental Health and Well-being: Nutrition also plays a significant role in mental health and cognitive function. Certain nutrients, such as omega-3 fatty acids found in fish, have been linked to improved mood and cognitive function. Additionally, a diet high in processed foods and refined sugars may increase the risk of depression and other mental health disorders.

Ans2: Cholera is a diarrheal disease caused by the bacterium Vibrio cholerae, typically spread through contaminated water and food. Preventing and controlling cholera outbreaks require a multi-faceted approach that addresses both individual and community-level factors. Here are five key principles for the prevention and control of cholera:

- 1. Safe Water and Sanitation: Access to clean and safe drinking water is essential for preventing cholera transmission. Ensuring the availability of potable water sources and implementing water treatment and chlorination systems can help reduce the risk of contamination. Similarly, improving sanitation facilities, such as proper sewage disposal and access to hygienic toilets, can prevent the spread of cholera through contaminated water and food.
- 2. **Hygiene Promotion:** Promoting good hygiene practices is critical for preventing cholera transmission. Educating communities about the importance of handwashing with soap and water, especially before eating and after using the toilet, can help reduce the risk of ingesting cholera bacteria. Additionally, promoting proper food handling and storage practices can prevent contamination of food with Vibrio cholerae.
- 3. Vaccination: Oral cholera vaccines (OCVs) are an important tool for cholera prevention, particularly in areas prone to outbreaks. Vaccination campaigns targeting at-risk populations, such as communities with poor access to clean water and sanitation, can help build immunity and reduce the spread of the disease. Vaccination efforts should be integrated with other cholera control measures for maximum effectiveness.
- 4. Surveillance and Early Detection: Surveillance systems for monitoring cholera cases and outbreaks are essential for early detection and response. Health authorities should establish robust surveillance mechanisms to track suspected cholera cases, monitor trends in disease incidence, and identify areas at high risk of outbreaks. Early detection allows for prompt implementation of control measures, such as case management, provision of oral rehydration therapy (ORT), and targeted vaccination campaigns.
- 5. Community Engagement and Collaboration: Community involvement and participation are crucial for the success of cholera prevention and control efforts. Engaging community leaders, healthcare workers, and local organizations in awareness-raising activities, hygiene promotion campaigns, and outbreak response efforts fosters ownership and accountability within communities. Collaborating with stakeholders across sectors, including health, water, sanitation, and education, facilitates a

coordinated approach to cholera control and ensures sustainable interventions.

Section-C

Ans Vitamins are essential micronutrients required for various physiological functions in the body. Deficiencies in vitamins can lead to a range of health problems and disorders. Here, we'll discuss different vitamin deficiency disorders and effective prevention strategies for each:

1. Vitamin A Deficiency (VAD):

- Disorders: Vitamin A deficiency can cause night blindness, xerophthalmia (dry eyes), impaired immune function, and even blindness in severe cases.
- Prevention: Promoting the consumption of foods rich in vitamin A, such as liver, dairy
 products, eggs, and orange and yellow fruits and vegetables like carrots and sweet potatoes, is
 crucial. Fortification of staple foods like rice and wheat flour with vitamin A and
 supplementation programs for at-risk populations, such as young children and pregnant
 women, can also help prevent VAD.

2. Vitamin D Deficiency:

- Disorders: Vitamin D deficiency can lead to rickets in children and osteomalacia in adults, characterized by weak, soft bones and an increased risk of fractures.
- Prevention: Encouraging adequate sunlight exposure, which stimulates vitamin D synthesis in the skin, is important. Consuming foods rich in vitamin D, such as fatty fish (salmon, mackerel), fortified dairy products, and egg yolks, can also help prevent deficiency. In regions with limited sunlight, supplementation may be necessary, especially for at-risk populations like infants and the elderly.

3. Vitamin B12 Deficiency:

- Disorders: Vitamin B12 deficiency can lead to megaloblastic anemia, neurological problems, and irreversible nerve damage if left untreated.
- Prevention: Consuming foods rich in vitamin B12, primarily animal products like meat, fish, eggs, and dairy, is essential for preventing deficiency. For individuals following vegetarian or vegan diets, fortified foods like breakfast cereals and nutritional yeast, as well as B12 supplements, can help meet their needs.

4. Vitamin C Deficiency (Scurvy):

- Disorders: Vitamin C deficiency can cause scurvy, characterized by weakness, fatigue, swollen gums, and easy bruising and bleeding.
- Prevention: Including vitamin C-rich foods like citrus fruits (oranges, lemons), strawberries, kiwi, bell peppers, and broccoli in the diet is key. Ensuring access to fresh fruits and vegetables, particularly in regions with limited availability, and promoting food preservation techniques that retain vitamin C content can help prevent scurvy.

5. Vitamin E Deficiency:

- Disorders: Vitamin E deficiency is relatively rare but can lead to neurological problems and muscle weakness.
- Prevention: Consuming foods rich in vitamin E, such as nuts, seeds, vegetable oils, and green leafy vegetables, is important for preventing deficiency. Ensuring a diverse and balanced diet that includes sources of healthy fats and oils can help maintain adequate vitamin E levels.



Class Tests (2/2)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy	Session: 2022-23
Subject Name & Code: Social & Preventive Pharmacy	Semester: 8th
(BP802T)	
Note/Instruction – Attempt all questions.	

Class Test-II

Section-A

2*5=10

All questions are compulsory.

an questions are companied;	l l
1. What is a universal immunization program?	CO3
2. How to improve health education in schools?	CO5
3. Write the outcome of the Universal immunization programme.	CO3
4. Write about Integrated Disease Surveillance Programme.	CO1
5. What is Goitre?	CO4

Section- B

38

Atten	npt any 2 questions. Each question carries 5 marks.	5*2=10	
1.Ex	plain national health intervention programs for mother and child.	CO3	
2.	Write the objectives in improving rural sanitation.	CO5	
3	Explain the universal immunization program.	CO4	

Section-C

Atte	emp	any 2 questions. Each question carries 10 marks.	 10*1=10
	1.	Write a note on General principles and control of cancer.	CO4
	2.	Write a note on HIV and AIDS control programme.	CO3



Class Tests Solution (2/2)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy

Session: 2022-23

Subject Name & Code: Social & Preventive Pharmacy

Semester: 8th

(BP802T)

Note/Instruction - Attempt all questions.

Section-A

Ans1.The Universal Immunization Programme (UIP) is a large-scale public health initiative aimed at providing immunization to all children in India. The goal of the UIP is to protect children from vaccine-preventable diseases such as polio, measles, diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, tuberculosis, hepatitis B, and others. Ans2. Improving health education in schools is crucial for promoting healthy behaviors and preventing diseases among students. Here are some strategies to enhance health education in schools:

Comprehensive Curriculum

Interactive teaching methods

Ans3. The Universal Immunization Programme (UIP) has had a significant impact on public health worldwide. Here are some key outcomes:

Reduction in Vaccine-Preventable Diseases

Contribution to Sustainable Development Goals

Ans4. Contribution to Sustainable Development Goals:

Good Health and Well-being

Reducing Inequalities

39

Ans5. Goitre, also spelled as goiter, is a medical condition characterized by the abnormal enlargement of the thyroid gland, which is located in the front of the neck, just below the Adam's apple. The thyroid gland produces hormones that regulate metabolism and other essential bodily functions.

Section-B

Ans1. National health intervention programs for mothers and children are essential components of public health strategies aimed at improving maternal and child health outcomes. These programs typically focus on various aspects of maternal and child health, including prenatal care, childbirth, postnatal care, childhood immunizations, nutrition, and disease prevention. Here's an explanation of some common components of such programs:

1. Prenatal Care:

- Prenatal care involves regular medical check-ups and screenings for pregnant women to monitor their health and the health of the developing foetus.
- These interventions include health education, nutritional support, screening for medical

conditions (such as gestational diabetes and hypertension), and counseling on healthy behaviors during pregnancy.

2. Childbirth Services:

- National health intervention programs provide access to skilled birth attendants and safe delivery facilities to ensure that women have a safe and hygienic childbirth experience.
- These services may include the provision of emergency obstetric care, such as cesarean sections, to manage complications during childbirth and reduce maternal and neonatal mortality.

3. Postnatal Care:

- Postnatal care involves medical and supportive services provided to mothers and newborns in the immediate aftermath of childbirth and during the postpartum period.
- This includes monitoring for postpartum complications, breastfeeding support, newborn care education, and family planning services to promote maternal and child health and well-being.

4. Child Immunization Programs:

- National immunization programs aim to protect children from vaccine-preventable diseases by providing access to routine childhood vaccinations.
- These programs typically follow the World Health Organization's (WHO) recommended immunization schedule, which includes vaccines against diseases such as measles, polio, diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, and hepatitis B.

5. Nutrition Interventions:

- National health intervention programs address maternal and child malnutrition by providing nutritional counseling, supplementation, and support services.
- This includes promoting exclusive breastfeeding for the first six months of life, providing micronutrient supplements (such as iron and folic acid) to pregnant women, and implementing food fortification programs to improve nutritional status.

Ans2. Improving rural sanitation is crucial for promoting public health, reducing the burden of waterborne diseases, and enhancing the overall well-being of rural communities. Here are five key objectives in improving rural sanitation:

- 1. Access to Basic Sanitation Facilities: The primary objective is to ensure that all rural households have access to basic sanitation facilities, such as toilets or latrines, that are safe, hygienic, and properly maintained. This includes addressing the gap in sanitation coverage and promoting the construction of adequate sanitation infrastructure in rural areas.
- 2. Behavior Change and Hygiene Promotion: Another objective is to promote behavior change and hygiene practices within rural communities to ensure the proper use of sanitation facilities and the adoption of hygienic behaviors. This involves education and awareness-raising campaigns on the importance of handwashing with soap, safe water storage, and proper waste disposal.
- 3. **Prevention of Open Defection:** An important objective is to eliminate open defection and promote the use of improved sanitation facilities. This requires community mobilization, social marketing, and incentives to encourage households to abandon open defection practices and adopt toilet usage.
- 4. Waste Management and Environmental Protection: Improving rural sanitation also involves managing human waste and solid waste in an environmentally sustainable manner. This includes promoting the safe disposal of fecal waste through proper sanitation systems, such as pit latrines or septic tanks, and implementing waste management strategies to minimize pollution and protect natural resources.
- 5. Capacity Building and Institutional Strengthening: To sustain improvements in rural sanitation, there is a need to strengthen institutional capacity at the local, regional, and national levels. This involves building the capacity of government agencies, community-based organizations, and other

stakeholders to plan, implement, and monitor sanitation programs effectively.

Section-C

Ans1. The HIV and AIDS control program is a comprehensive public health initiative aimed at preventing the spread of HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus) and reducing the impact of AIDS (Acquired Immuno deficiency Syndrome) on individuals, families, and communities. Here's a note on the key aspects of the program:

- Prevention and Awareness: The program focuses on raising awareness about HIV transmission, risk
 factors, and preventive measures through education and outreach campaigns. It promotes the use of
 condoms, emphasizes the importance of HIV testing and counselling, and encourages behavior change
 to reduce the risk of HIV infection, such as avoiding unprotected sex and needle-sharing among
 injecting drug users.
- 2. Access to Testing and Treatment: An essential component of the program is expanding access to HIV testing and counselling services to ensure early detection of the virus. It also emphasizes the importance of early initiation of antiretroviral therapy (ART) for people-living with HIV to suppress the virus, improve immune function, and reduce the risk of HIV transmission to others.
- 3. **Promotion of Safe Practices:** The program promotes safe medical practices, including the use of sterile needles and syringes, blood screening for transfusions, and infection control measures in healthcare settings to prevent HIV transmission. It also addresses the stigma and discrimination associated with HIV/AIDS, advocating for the rights and dignity of people living with HIV.
- 4. Targeted Interventions: HIV/AIDS control programs often target key populations at higher risk of HIV transmission, such as sex workers, men who have sex with men, transgender individuals, people who inject drugs, and migrant populations. These interventions may include providing tailored prevention services, access to HIV testing and treatment, and addressing social and structural barriers to healthcare access and HIV prevention.
- 5. Monitoring and Evaluation: The program implements robust monitoring and evaluation mechanisms to assess the effectiveness of interventions, track progress toward targets, and identify areas for improvement. This includes surveillance of HIV prevalence and incidence, monitoring of ART coverage and viral suppression rates, and evaluation of programmatic indicators to ensure the efficient use of resources and the achievement of program goals.



Internal and External Marks

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

S.	Enrollment	Name of the Student		
No.	no.		INTERNAL MARKS (Actual 25)	EXTERNAL MARKS. (75)
1	19P1001	AAYUSH KAUSHIK	20	53
2	19P1003	ABHINAV TANWAR	22	57
3	19P1004	ABHISHEK KUMAR	21	56
4	19P1005	ABHISHEK KUMAR SHARMA	20	55
5	19P1006	ADITI RANJAN	22	59
6	19P1007	ALI AMIR MUSTFA	19	42
7	19P1008	AMAN FIROJ	18	47
8	19P1011	ANKIT JAISWAL	19	50
9	19P1012	ANKIT PRASAR	19	46
10	19P1013	ANKIT TOKAS	21	53
11	19P1014	ASHISH GUPTA	20	54
12	19P1015	ASHRIT	21	58
13	19P1016	BHAWNA SACHDEVA	22	58
14	19P1017	BIKRAM MODAK	20	52
15	19P1018	BIPIN KUMAR KUSHWAHA	21	58
16	19P1019	CHANDAN PAL	18 •	45
17	19P1020	CHARANPREET KAUR SALUJA	21	58
18	19P1021	DEBASISH MAJUMDAR	20	55
19	19P1023	DIKSHA	19	56
20	19P1024	DIVYANSHU YADAV	19	50
21	19P1025	FARHAN AHMAD KHAN	17	47
22	19P1027	GAURAV KUMAR	18	37
23	19P1028	GEETANJALI	19	48
24	19P1029	HARIMOHAN	17	39

		CHAUDHARY		
25	19P1030	HEMANT TEWARI	18	43
26		KANHAIYA KUMAR	17	42
	19P1031	ROY		
27	19P1032	KETAN KUMAR	17	44
28	19P1033	KOMAL	20	56
29	19P1034	KUMAR AMIT	17	46
30	19P1035	KUNDAN KUMAR	18	51
31	19P1036	LOKESH	20	49
32	19P1037	MANISH KUMAR	19	42
33	19P1038	MANISHA	22	67
34	19P1039	MD EBRAHEEM	19	49
35	19P1040	MD SHAHBAZ ALAM	18	45
36	19P1041	MEGHA KUMARI	20	50
37		NITIN KUMAR	21	54
	19P1042	SHARMA		
38	19P1043	PARVEEN	19	48
39	19P1044	PARVESH BHATTI	17	39
40		PRASHANT	18	50
	19P1045	SARASWAT		
41	19P1046	PREETI KUMARI	17	39
42	19P1047	PRINCE TANWAR	18	48
43	19P1049	RAVI KANT	19	53
44	19P1050	RITIK RAJ	18	41
45	19P1051	ROHIT PAUL	18	42
46	19P1052	SHAMIMA KHATOON	17	42
47	19P1053	SMIRTI	19	46
48	19P1054	SONU	20	53
49	19P1055	SWITI KUMARI	18	40
50	19P1056	VIKAS KUMAR JHA	16	38
51		VIVEK	17	45
	19P1057	BASUMATARY		43
52	19P1058	AKANKSHA MEHRA	19	41
53	19P1059	GARVIT RAJ	21	53
54	19P1060	HIMANSHU SONI	17	39
55	19P1061	JAYA BISHT	20	57
56	19P1062	NISHANT SHARMA	19	51
57	19P1063	SAMSUJJMA	17	39
58	19P1064	SAURABH TRIPATHI	18	46
59	19P1066	SHOBIT SINGH	18	41
60	19P1067	TAMANNA DUGAR	19 •	47
61	19P1068	VIJAY LAKSHMI	19	46
62	19P1069	ZEBA GOURD	18	40

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List of weak students

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

Sno.	Name of Student	(Action Taken)
1.	Aayush Kaushik	Try to teach separately
2.	Ali Aamir	Special focus in class
3.	Aman Firoj	Time to time conversation
4.	Ankit Parasar	Extra assistance
5.	Debashish	Individualized attention
6.	Bikram Modak	Remedial classes
7.	Divyanshu	Peer Tutoring
8.	Farhan Ahmad Akhtar	Modified Assignments
9.	Ankit Parasar	Progress monitoring
10.	Divyanshu	Parent/ Guardian Communication



List of Bright Students

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

S.no.	Name of Student	(Action Taken)
1.	Komal	Extra work for future benefits
2.	Megha Kumari	Helping in other activities
3.	Sonu	Complemented them
4.	Nitin Kumar Sharma	Praised
5.	Jaya Bisht	Advanced assignments
6.	Vijay Lakshmi	Independent projects
7.	Manisha	Enrichment Activities
8.	Charanpreet Kaur Saluja	Honore and advanced question banks were given
9.	Bhawna Sachdeva	Mentorship opportunities
10.	Aditi Ranjan	Individualized learning plans
11.	Abhishek Kumar	Collaborative learning opportunities



Students having short Attendance

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

S.		Name of Student	(Action Taken)	
no.				
	1.	Zeba Gourd	Verbal Warning	
	2.	Aayush Kaushik	Written notice sent at home	
	3.	Farhan Ahmad	Called him and his parents	
	4.	Divyanshu Yadav	Made them do assignments and	class tests
	5.	Ankit Tokas	Warned that less than 75% atten	dance will be not allowed
			in exam hall	
_	6.	Ashrit	Grade penalties	
	7.	Geetanjali	Was not allowed to give Session	al exams
	8.	Vikas Jha	Suggest them to take regular cla	sses
	9.	Aman Firoj	Counseling about low attendance	e and its consequences
	10.	Manish Kumar	Parent/ Guardian notification	•

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Course Outcome Attainment

SESSION: 2022- 23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Attainment of the Course (Learning) Outcomes:

Attainment Criteria:

Attainment Criteria	Attainment
	Level
Less than or equal to 60%	No Correlation
Above 60% but less than 75%	1 – Low Correlation
Above 70% but less than 85%	2 – Medium Correlation
Above 85 %	3 – High Correlation

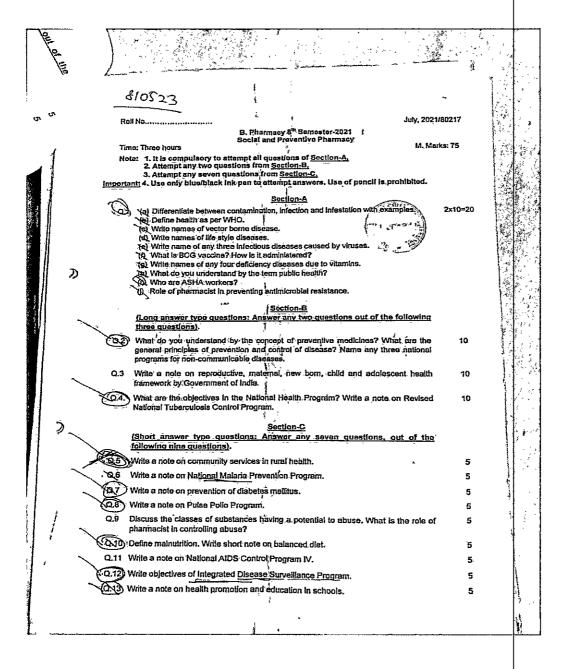
Course Code	Class percentage	Attainment level achieved	Action Plan for improvement of course outcome
BP802T	70%	2	By changing the delivery methods. Weekly class tests Topic wise presentation by students



Previous Year Question Paper (up to 4 years)

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th



889 229 July, 2022/80217 B. Pharmacy 8th Somester-2022 Social and Preventive Pharmacy M. Marks: 75 Note: 1 It is compulsory to attompt all questions of Section-A.

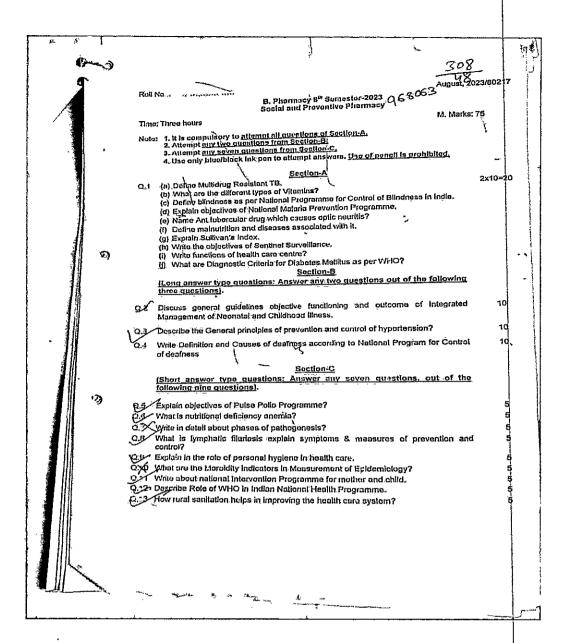
2. Attempt any two questions from Section-B.

3. Attempt any seven questions from Section-C.

Important: 4. Use only blue/black ink pen to attempt answers. Use of Use of pencil is prohibited. Section-A (b) Sefine health. -2×10=20 (b) What are the objectives of TB program? (d) Write about the health awareness (e) What are the causes of malaria? (b) What is maresmus? (g) Mention any four factors which have an in (p) Prevention of chicken guinea. (p) Factors of poverty on health. National urban health mission. [Long answer type questions: Answer any two questions out of the following three questions). Explain different vitamin deliciency disorders and their prevention.

Write general principles of prevention and control of respiratory infections. 10 Section:

Sectio 10 10 5 5 5



Jan., 2024/80217 Roll No..... B. Pharmacy 8th Semester Social and Preventive Pharmacy 'M. Marks: 75 Time: Three hours Note: 1. Attempt all the following questions as per the instructions. 2. Don't write anything on the question paper, except Roll No. 3. Read the instructions carefully, mentioned in the answer sheet. 4 Use only blue/black ink pen to attempt answers. Use of pencil is prohibited. (a) Define period of communicability. 2x10=20 (b) What are the different levels of primary health care system in India?
(c) Define blindness as per National Programme for Control of Blindness in India. (d) Explain directly observed treatment short course in tuberculosis. (e) Name the vector for dengue. (f) Define malnutrition and diseases associated with it. (g) Explain evaluation of public health. (h) Write the objectives of rural sanitation program. (i) Define pulse in context of pulse polio programme. (j) What are socio-economic indicators of health? Section-B (Long answer type questions: Answer any two questions out of the following three questions). Discuss general guidelines, objective, functioning and outcome of Revised National 1Ô Tuberculosis Control Program. Describe the core strategies of National Urban Health Mission. 10 Q.4 Write general principles of prevention and control of acute respiratory infection. 10 Section-C (Short answer type questions: Answer any seven questions, out of the following nine questions). 0.5 Explain objectives and functions of universal immunization programme. What is nutritional deficiency anemia? 5 Q.7 Write epidemiological indices for TB. 5 Q8 What is SARS? Explain its symptoms, prevention and control 5 Q.9 Explain in detail about vitamin deficiency disorders and their prevention. 5 Q.10 What are the morbidity indicators in measurement of epidemiology? 5 Q.14 Describe various steps for investigation of an epidemic. 5 Q.12 Explain anthropology with its types. 5. Q.13 What is the composition of staff in community health care centre?



Question Bank

SESSION: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB CODE: BP802T

Course: B. Pharmacy

Subject Name & Code: Social& Preventive Pharmacy (BP802T)

Session: 2022-23 Semester: 8th

Time allowed: 5 Days

Note/Instruction - Attempt all questions.

LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

- 1. Explain different vitamin deficiency disorders and their prevention.
- 2. Explain Integrated disease surveillance programme (IDSP).
- 3. Write a note on national health programme and national AIDS control prφgramme.
- 4. Explain the evaluation of public health.
- 5. What are national health programs, write in detail about national AIDS control program.
- 6. Write general principles of prevention and control of respiratory infections.
- 7. Explain different vitamin deficiency disorders and their prevention.
- 8. Write general principles, prevention and control of cholera.
- 9. Explain about national Tuberculosis health programme.
- 10. Define malnutrition and write about types & diseases associated with it.
- 11. Write general principles of prevention and control of diabetes mellitus.
- 12. Write a note on HIV and AIDS control program.
- 13. Explain the Evaluation of public health.
- 14. Describe the general principles for prevention and control of malaria.
- 15. Explain national leprosy control programme.
- 16. Write a note on concept of health and disease.
- 17. Write general principles of prevention and control of acute respiratory infection.
- 18. Write a note on objectives, functioning and scope of national leprosy control program
- 19. Write a note on General principles and control of cancer.
- 20. Write a note on HIV and AIDS control programme.
- 21. Define malnutrition write the causes, symptoms and its prevention.
- 22. Explain prevention and control of hypertension.
- 23. What is SARS write its symptoms, prevention and control.
- 24. Define malnutrition and & diseases associated with it.
- 25. Write general principles, prevention and control of cholera.
- 26. Integrated disease surveillance program (IDSP).
- 27. Explain in detail vitamin deficiency disorders and their prevention.
- 28. Explain malnutrition in detail and its prevention.
- 29. Describe the general principles, prevention and control of Dengue.
- 30. Explain objectives and functions of universal immunization programme.

SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

- 1. Write a note on food in relation to nutrition and health.
- 2. Write general principles of prevention and control of cholera.
- 3. Write the evaluation of public health.
- 4. What is SARS write its symptoms and prevention?
- 5. What are the objectives of the national family welfare program?
- 6. Objectives and functions of the national leprosy program.
- 7. What are the functions of Primary Health Centres?
- 8. Objectives and implementation of the national tobacco control program.
- 9. What are the community services in urban areas?
- 10. Write functions of PHC in the health care system.
- 11. Role of WHO in Indian national health program.
- 12. Explain the concept of diseases.
- 13. Explain malnutrition and its preventive measures.
- 14. Explain prevention and control of Dengue.
- 15. Explain about Integrated disease surveillance program (IDSP).
- 16. Explain national health intervention programs for mother and child.
- 17. Write the objectives in improving rural sanitation.
- 18. Explain the universal immunization program.
- 19. Write the concept of diseases.
- 20. Explain prevention and control of diabetes mellitus.
- 21. Explain the effects of the Ebola virus, mode of transmission, and prevention.
- 22. Write about the national leprosy control program.
- 23. Write a note on food in relation to nutrition and health.
- 24. What are the objectives of the national family welfare program?
- 25. Write the community health services in an urban area.
- 26. Write the evaluation of public health.
- 27. Objectives and implementations of the national tobacco control program
- 28. Write the concept of prevention of diseases.
- 29. Prevention and control of dengue.
- 30. Write about a national intervention programme for mother and child.
- 31. Explain malnutrition and its prevention.
- 32. National Malaria prevention programme.
- 33. How rural sanitation helps in improving the health care system.
- 34. What is influenza? write its prevention and control.
- 35. Role of WHO in Indian national health programme.
- 36. What is the national urban health mission?
- 37. Explain the Concept of nutritional deficiency disease.
- 38. Socio-cultural factors related to health and diseases.
- 39. General principles of prevention and control of acute respiratory infections.
- 40. General principles of prevention and control of lymphatic filariasis.
- 41. Explain the objectives and functions of the HIV control programme.

- 42. Explain the National Malaria Preventive Programme.
- 43. Role of WHO in Indian national program.
- 44. Explain functions of Primary Health Centres.
- 45. Measures to improve rural sanitation.
- 46. Explain malnutrition and its prevention.
- 47. Write a note on a balanced diet.
- 48. General principles, prevention, and control of hypertension.
- 49. Explain Vitamin deficiencies.
- 50. Explain the role of WHO in the Indian national program.



SUBJECT PPT, HANDWRITTEN NOTES & RELEVANT VIDEOS

Session: 2022-23

SEM: 8th

SUB

CODE:

BP802T

Subject PPTs (Unit-wise): Soft copy available with the subject teacher Hand Written Notes: Should be made available to the students

Unit-1 Social and Preventive Pharmacy Concepts | PP(slideshare.net)

Unit-2 Social & Preventive Pharmacy(BP802T) | PPT (slideshare.net)

Unit-3 Nationa Lhealth program, objectives, Functioning and out come of the

following MCQs question paper | PDF (slideshare.net)

Unit 4Social and preventive Pharmacy UNIT 4.pptx (slideshare.net)

Unit 5B Pharm Social and Preventive Pharmacy Notes pdf Pharma Edu

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