



# GURUGRAM GLOBAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY GURUGRAM

Approved by AICTE, Govt. Of India & Pharmacy Council of India  
Affiliated to Pt. BD Sharma University of Health Sciences Rohilkhand  
Authorized to Haryana Board of Technical Education

## Integration of Cross-Cutting Issues relevant to Professional Ethics into the Curriculum

S.no.	Class	Course Code	Course	Description
1	B. Pharmacy (1 <sup>st</sup> Sem)	BP103T	Pharmaceutics I	Process of reading a prescription
2	B. Pharmacy (2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem)	BP204T	Pathophysiology	It aims to provide the knowledge for practicing medicine in safe, rational and effective manner
3	B. Pharmacy (4 <sup>th</sup> Sem)	BP408P	Pharmacology I	Study of maintenance of laboratory animals as per CPCSEA Guidelines
4	B. Pharmacy (5 <sup>th</sup> Sem)	BP505T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence	Indian pharmaceutical Laws and acts Study about various regulatory authority and agencies Code of ethics
5	B. Pharmacy (5 <sup>th</sup> Sem)	BP506P	Industrial Pharmacy I	Evaluation and testing of pharmaceutical products
6	B. Pharmacy (6 <sup>th</sup> Sem)	BP603T	Herbal Drug Technology	Schedule T- Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian system of Medicine
7	B. Pharmacy (7 <sup>th</sup> Sem)	BP701T	Instrumental Method of Analysis	Theoretical and practical knowledge of modern analytical instruments for analysis.
8	B. Pharmacy (7 <sup>th</sup> Sem)	BP706PS	Practice School	Students shall submit a report for practice school and it will be evaluated based on their knowledge and skills
9	B. Pharmacy (8 <sup>th</sup> Sem)	BP804ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Sciences	Study of regulatory authorities and agencies, drug approval process etc.
10	B. Pharmacy (8 <sup>th</sup> Sem)	BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance	It aims to provide the methods to generate safety data during pre-clinical, clinical and post-marketing surveillance of drug cycle



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As our college is an affiliated institute we follow the syllabus as per given by Pharmacy Council of India.

Pharmacy Council of India  
New Delhi

### Draft Rules & Syllabus for the Bachelor of Pharmacy (B. Pharm) Course

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[Framed under Regulation 6, 7 & 8 of the Bachelor of Pharmacy (B. Pharm) course regulations 2014]



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Table-I: Course of study for semester I

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP101T	Human Anatomy and Physiology I – Theory	3	1	4
BP102T	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Theory	3	1	4
BP103T	Pharmaceutics I – Theory	3	1	4
BP104T	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Theory	3	1	4
BP105T	Communication skills – Theory *	2	-	2
BP106RBT BP106RMT	Remedial Biology/ Remedial Mathematics – Theory*	2	-	2
BP107P	Human Anatomy and Physiology – Practical	4	-	2
BP108P	Pharmaceutical Analysis I – Practical	4	-	2
BP109P	Pharmaceutics I – Practical	4	-	2
BP110P	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry – Practical	4	-	2
BP111P	Communication skills – Practical*	2	-	1
BP112RBP	Remedial Biology – Practical*	2	-	1
Total	32/34 <sup>S</sup> /36 <sup>A</sup>	4		27/29 <sup>S</sup> /30 <sup>A</sup>



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### BPI03T. PHARMACEUTICS- I (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the preparatory pharmacy with arts and science of preparing the different conventional dosage forms.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

- Know the history of profession of pharmacy
- Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations
- Understand the professional way of handling the prescription
- Preparation of various conventional dosage forms

#### Course Content:

##### UNIT – I 10 Hours

- Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy; History of profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and organization, Pharmacy as a career, Pharmacopoeia: Introduction to IP, BP, USP and Extra Pharmacopoeia.
- Dosage forms: Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions
- Prescription: Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription.
- Posology: Definition, Factors affecting posology, Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area.

##### UNIT – II 10 Hours

- Pharmaceutical calculations: Weights and measures – Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point and molecular weight.
- Powders: Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages, Simple & compound powders – official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions.
- Liquid dosage forms: Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms. Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms, Solubility enhancement techniques

##### UNIT – III 08 Hours

- Monophasic Liquids: Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups, Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions.
- Biphasic liquids:
- Suspensions: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension & stability problems and methods to overcome.
- Emulsions: Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type of Emulsion, Methods of preparation & stability problems and methods to overcome.

##### UNIT – IV 08 Hours

- Suppositories: Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations, Displacement value & its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.
- Pharmaceutical incompatibilities: Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples.

##### UNIT – V 07 Hours

- Semisolid dosage forms: Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosage forms



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Table-II: Course of study for semester II

Course Code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP201T	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Theory	3	1	4
BP202T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I – Theory	3	1	4
BP203T	Biochemistry – Theory	3	1	4
BP204T	Pathophysiology – Theory	3	1	4
BP205T	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Theory *	3	-	3
BP206T	Environmental sciences – Theory *	3	-	3
BP207P	Human Anatomy and Physiology II – Practical	4	-	2
BP208P	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I – Practical	4	-	2
BP209P	Biochemistry – Practical	4	-	2
BP210P	Computer Applications in Pharmacy – Practical*	2	-	1
Total		32	4	29

\*Non University Examination (NUE)



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## **BP 204T, PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (THEORY)**

451 pages

**Scope:** Pathophysiology is the study of causes of diseases and reactions of the body to such disease producing causes. This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications, and understanding of basic pathophysiological mechanisms. Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology, but also to get baseline knowledge required to practice medicine safely, confidently, rationally and effectively.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to -

1. Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected disease states;
  2. Name the signs and symptoms of the diseases; and
  3. Mention the complications of the diseases.

#### **Course content:**

Unit I

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- Basic principles of Cell injury and Adaptation:  
Introduction, definitions, Homeostasis, Components and Types of Feedback systems, Causes of cellular injury, Pathogenesis (Cell membrane damage, Mitochondrial damage, Ribosome damage, Nuclear damage), Morphology of cell injury – Adaptive changes (Atrophy, Hyperplasia, hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia), Cell swelling, intra cellular accumulators, Calcification, Enzyme leakage and Cell Death Axiodosis & Alkalosis, Electrolyte imbalance

五八

- Basic mechanisms involved in the process of inflammation and repair:  
Introduction, Clinical signs of inflammation, Different types of Inflammation, Mechanism of inflammation – Alterations in vascular permeability and blood flow, migration of WBCs, Mediators of inflammation, Basic principles of wound healing as they relate to pathophysiology of Atherosclerosis

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- **Cardiovascular System**
    - By hypertension, congestive heart failure, ischemic heart disease (angina, myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis)
    - Respiratory system: Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways disease.
    - Renal system: Acute and chronic renal failure

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- 11. Endocrinology**

  - **Hormone related Diseases:**  
Iron deficiency, megaloblastic anemia (Vit B12 and folic acid), sickle cell anemia, thalassemia, hereditary acquired anemia, hemophilia
  - **Kidocrine system:** Diabetes, thyroid diseases, disorders of sex hormones
  - **Nervous system:** Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stroke, psychiatric disorders, depression, schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease.
  - **Cancer:** breast cancer, prostate cancer

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- IV** 3 hours

  - Inflammatory bowel disease, jaundice, hepatitis (A,D,C,D,U,F) alcoholic liver disease.
  - Disease of bones and joints: Rheumatoid arthritis, osteoporosis and gout
  - Principles of cancer: classification, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer
  - Diseases of bone and joints: Rheumatoid Arthritis, Osteoporosis, Gout
  - Principles of Cancer: Classification, etiology and pathogenesis of Cancer

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- Infection & disease: Meningitis, Typhoid, Leptospirosis, Tuberculosis

### Urinary tract infections

- The usual 3, from west to east: AIDS, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea



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Table-IV: Course of study for semester IV

Course code	Name of the course	No. of hours	Tutorial	Credit points
BP401T	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III - Theory	3	1	4
BP402T	Medicinal Chemistry I - Theory	3	1	4
BP403T	Physical Pharmaceutics II - Theory	3	1	4
BP404T	Pharmacology I - Theory	3	1	4
BP405T	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I - Theory	3	1	4
BP406P	Medicinal Chemistry I - Practical	4	*	2
BP407P	Physical Pharmaceutics II - Practical	4	*	2
BP408P	Pharmacology I - Practical	4	*	2
BP409P	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I - Practical	4	*	2
Total		31	5	28



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### BP-408 P.PHARMACOLOGY-I (Practical)

4Hrs/Week

1. Introduction to experimental pharmacology.
2. Commonly used instruments in experimental pharmacology.
3. Study of common laboratory animals.
4. Maintenance of laboratory animals as per CPCSEA guidelines.
5. Common laboratory techniques. Blood withdrawal, serum and plasma separation, anesthetics and euthanasia used for animal studies.
6. Study of different routes of drug administration in mice/rats.
7. Study of effect of hepatic microsomal enzyme inducers on the phenobarbitone sleeping time in mice.
8. Effect of drugs on ciliary motility of frog oesophagus
9. Effect of drugs on rabbit eye.
10. Effects of skeletal muscle relaxants using rotarod apparatus.
11. Effect of drugs on locomotor activity using actophotometer.
12. Anticonvulsant effect of drugs by MES and PTZ method.
13. Study of stereotype and anti-catatonic activity of drugs on rats/mice.
14. Study of anxiolytic activity of drugs using rats/mice.
15. Study of local anesthetics by different methods

*Note: All laboratory techniques and animal experiments are demonstrated by simulated experiments by softwares and videos*



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### Semester V

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams Marks	Duration	Total	Marks	
BP501T	Medicinal Chemistry II – Theory	10	15	1 hr	25	75	3 hrs 100
BP502T	Formulative Pharmacy- Theory	10	15	1 hr	25	75	3 hrs 100
BP503T	Pharmacology II – Theory	10	15	1 hr	25	75	3 hrs 100
BP504T	Pharmacognosy II – Theory	10	15	1 hr	25	75	3 hrs 100
BP505T	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence – Theory	10	15	1 hr	25	75	3 hrs 100
BP506P	Formulative Pharmacy – Practical	5	10	4 hr	15	35	4 hrs 50
BP507P	Pharmacology II – Practical	5	10	4 hr	15	35	4 hrs 50
BP508P	Pharmacognosy II – Practical	5	10	4 hr	15	35	4 hrs 50
Total		65	105	17 hr	170	480	27 hrs 650



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### BP505 T. PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart basic knowledge on several important legislations related to the profession of pharmacy in India.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand:

1. The Pharmaceutical legislations and their implications in the development and marketing
2. Various Indian pharmaceutical Acts and Laws
3. The regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals
4. The code of ethics during the pharmaceutical practice

#### Course Content:

##### UNIT-I 10 Hours

###### Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945:

Objectives, Definitions, Legal definitions of schedules to the act and rules

Import of drugs – Classes of drugs and cosmetics prohibited from import, Import under license or permit, Offences and penalties

Manufacture of drugs – Prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain drugs,

Conditions for grant of license and conditions of license for manufacture of drugs, Manufacture of drugs for test, examination and analysis, manufacture of new drug, loan license and repacking license

##### UNIT-II 10 Hours

###### Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945.

Detailed study of Schedule G, H, M, N, P,T,U, V, X, Y, Part XII B, Sch F & DMR (DA)

Sale of Drugs – Wholesale, Retail sale and Restricted license, Offences and penalties

Labeling & Packing of drugs- General labeling requirements and specimen labels for drugs and cosmetics, List of permitted colors, Offences and penalties

Administration of the act and rules – Drugs Technical Advisory Board, Central drugs Laboratory, Drugs Consultative Committee, Government drug analysis, Licensing authorities, controlling authorities, Drugs Inspectors

##### UNIT-III 10 Hours

- Pharmacy Act -1948: Objectives, Definitions, Pharmacy Council of India, its constitution and functions, Education Regulations, State and joint state pharmacy councils, its constitution and functions, Registration of Pharmacists, Offences and

<p><b>Penalties</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Medicinal and Toilet Preparation Act-1955:</b> Objectives, Definitions, Licensing, Manufacture in bond and Outside bond, Export of alcoholic preparations, Manufacture of Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Patent &amp; Proprietary Preparations Offences and Penalties.</li> <li>• <b>Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules:</b> Objectives, Definitions, Authorities and Officers, Constitution and Functions of narcotic &amp; Psychotropic Consultative Committee, National Fund for Controlling the Drug Abuse, Prohibition, Control and Regulation, opium poppy cultivation and production of poppy straw, manufacture, sale and export of opium, Offences and Penalties</li> </ul>	<b>08 Hours</b>
<p><b>UNIT-IV</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Study of Salient Features of Drugs and magic remedies Act and its rules:</b> Objectives, Definitions, Prohibition of certain advertisements, Classes of Exempted advertisements, Offences and Penalties</li> <li>• <b>Prevention of Cruelty to animals Act-1960:</b> Objectives, Definitions, Institutional Animal Ethics Committee, Breeding and Stocking of Animals, Performance of Experiments, Transfer and acquisition of animals for experiment, Records, Power to suspend or revoke registration, Offences and Penalties</li> <li>• <b>National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority:</b> Drugs Price Control Order (DPCO)-2013, Objectives, Definitions, Sale price of bulk drugs, Retail price of formulations, Retail price and capping price of scheduled formulations, National List of Essential Medicines(NLEM)</li> </ul>	<b>08 Hours</b>
<p><b>UNIT-V</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Pharmaceutical Legislations – A brief review:</b> Introduction, Study of drugs enquiry committee, Health survey and development committee, Heath committee and Mudaliar committee</li> <li>• <b>Code of Pharmaceutical ethics Definition, Pharmacist in relation to his job, trade, medical profession and his profession, Pharmacist's oath</b></li> <li>• <b>Medical Termination of pregnancy act</b></li> <li>• <b>Right to information Act</b></li> </ul>	<b>07 Hours</b>

<p><b>BP 506 P, FORMULATIVE PHARMACY (Practical)</b></p>	<b>4 Hours/week</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Preformulation study for prepared granules</li> <li>2. Preparation and evaluation of Paracetamol tablets</li> <li>3. Preparation and evaluation of Aspirin tablets</li> <li>4. Coating of tablets</li> <li>5. Preparation and evaluation of Tetracycline capsules</li> <li>6. Preparation of Calcium Gluconate injection</li> <li>7. Preparation of Ascorbic Acid injection</li> <li>8. Preparation of Paracetamol Syrup</li> <li>9. Preparation of Eye drops</li> <li>10. Preparation of Pellets by extrusion spheroidization technique</li> <li>11. Preparation of Creams (cold / vanishing cream)</li> <li>12. Evaluation of Glass containers</li> </ol>	



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## Semester VI

Course code	Name of the course	Continuous Mode	Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams			Total Marks
			Sectional Exam	Marks	Duration	Total	Marks	Duration	
BP601T	Medicinal Chemistry III – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP602T	Pharmacology III – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP603T	Herbal Drug Technology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP604T	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP605T	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP606T	Quality Assurance – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100	
BP607P	Medicinal chemistry III – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50	
BP608P	Pharmacology III – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50	
BP609P	Herbal Drug Technology – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs	50	
		Total	75	120	18 Hrs	195	555	30 Hrs	750



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### BP 603 T. HERBAL DRUG TECHNOLOGY (Theory)

45 hours

**Scope:** This subject gives the student the knowledge of basic understanding of herbal drug industry, the quality of raw material, guidelines for quality of herbal drugs, herbal cosmetics, natural sweeteners, nutraceutical etc. The subject also emphasizes on Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), patenting and regulatory issues of herbal drugs

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to;

1. understand raw material as source of herbal drugs from cultivation to herbal drug product
2. know the WHO and ICH guidelines for evaluation of herbal drugs
3. know the herbal cosmetics, natural sweeteners, nutraceuticals
4. appreciate patenting of herbal drugs, GMP.

#### Course content:

##### UNIT-I 6 Hours

###### Herbs as raw materials

Definition of herb, herbal medicine, herbal medicinal product, herbal drug preparation

Sources of Herbs

Selection, identification and authentication of herbal materials

Processing of herbal raw material

###### Biodynamic Agriculture

Good agricultural practices in cultivation of medicinal plants including Organic farming.

Pest and Pest management in medicinal plants: Biopesticides/Bioinsecticides.

##### UNIT-II 05 Hours

a) Basic principles involved in Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homeopathy

b) Preparation and standardization of Ayurvedic formulations viz Aristas and Aswas, Ghritika, Churna, Lehya and Bhasma.

##### UNIT-III 7 Hours

###### Nutraceuticals

General aspects, Market, growth, scope and types of products available in the market. Health benefits and role of Nutraceuticals in ailments like Diabetes, CVS diseases, Cancer, Irritable bowel syndrome and various Gastro intestinal diseases.

Study of following herbs as health food: Alfalfa, Chicory, Ginger, Fenugreek, Garlic, Honey, Amla, Ginseng, Ashwagandha, Spinilina

**Herbal-Drug and Herb-Food Interactions:** General introduction to interaction and classification. Study of following drugs and their possible side effects and interactions: Hypericum, kava-kava, Ginkobiloba, Ginseng, Garlic, Pepper & Ephedra.

##### UNIT-IV 10 hours

###### Herbal Cosmetics



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Sources and description of raw materials of herbal origin used via, fixed oils, waxes, gums, colours, perfumes, protective agents, bleaching agents, antioxidants in products such as skin care, hair care and oral hygiene products.

#### Herbal excipients:

Herbal Excipients – Significance of substances of natural origin as excipients – colorants, sweeteners, binders, diluents, viscosity builders, disintegrants, flavors & perfumes.

#### Herbal formulations:

Conventional herbal formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and Novel dosage forms like phytosomes

#### UNIT-V

10 Hours

Evaluation of Drugs: WHO & ICH guidelines for the assessment of herbal drugs

Stability testing of herbal drugs.

#### Patenting and Regulatory requirements of natural products:

- Definition of the terms Patent, IPR, Farmers right, Breeder's right, Bioprospecting and Biopiracy
- Patenting aspects of Traditional Knowledge and Natural Products, Case study of Curcuma & Neem.

Regulatory Issues - Regulations in India (ASU DTAB, ASU DCC), Regulation of manufacture of ASU drugs - Schedule Z of Drugs & Cosmetics Act for ASU drugs.

#### UNIT-VI

07 Hours

#### General Introduction to Herbal Industry

Herbal drugs industry: Present scope and future prospects.

A brief account of plant based industries and institutions involved in work on medicinal and aromatic plants in India.

#### Schedule T – Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine

Components of GMP (Schedule - T) and its objectives

Infrastructural requirements, working space, storage area, machinery and equipments, standard operating procedures, health and hygiene, documentation and records.



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### Semester VII

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams	Total	Marks	Duration	
BP701T	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs 100
BP702T	Industrial Pharmacy – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs 100
BP703T	Pharmacy Practice – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs 100
BP704T	Novel Drug Delivery System – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs 100
BP705 P	Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Practical	5	10	4 Hrs	15	35	4 Hrs 50
BP706 PS	Practice School*	25	-	-	25	125	5 Hrs 150
	Total	70	70	8 Hrs	140	460	21 Hrs 600

\* The subject experts at college level shall conduct examinations



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### BP701T. INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** This subject deals with the application of instrumental methods in qualitative and quantitative analysis of drugs. This subject is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the principles and instrumentation of spectroscopic and chromatographic technique. This also emphasizes on theoretical and practical knowledge on modern analytical instruments that are used for drug testing.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. Understand the interaction of matter with electromagnetic radiations and its applications in drug analysis
2. Understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs,
3. Perform quantitative & qualitative analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.

#### Course Content:

##### UNIT -I 10 Hours

###### UV Visible spectroscopy

Electronic transitions, chromophores, auxochromes, spectral shifts, solvent effect on absorption spectra, Beer and Lambert's law, Derivation and deviations.

Instrumentation - Sources of radiation, wavelength selectors, sample cells, detectors- Photo tube, Photomultiplier tube, Photo voltage cell, Silicon Photodiode.

Applications - Spectrophotometric titrations, Single component and multi component analysis

###### Fluorimetry

Theory, Concepts of singlet, doublet and triplet electronic states, internal and external conversions, factors affecting fluorescence, quenching, instrumentation and applications

##### UNIT -II 10 Hours

###### IR spectroscopy

Introduction, fundamental modes of vibrations in poly atomic molecules, sample handling, factors affecting vibrations

Instrumentation - Sources of radiation, wavelength selectors, detectors - Golay cell, Bolometer, Thermocouple, Thermister, Pyroelectric detector and applications

Flame Photometry-Principle, interferences, instrumentation and applications



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Atomic absorption spectroscopy- Principle, interferences, instrumentation and applications

Nepheloturbidometry- Principle, instrumentation and applications

**UNIT -III** 10 Hours

Introduction to chromatography

Adsorption and partition column chromatography-Methodology, advantages, disadvantages and applications.

Thin layer chromatography- Introduction, Principle, Methodology; Rf values, advantages, disadvantages and applications.

Paper chromatography-Introduction, methodology, development techniques, advantages, disadvantages and applications

Electrophoresis- Introduction, factors affecting electrophoretic mobility, Techniques of paper, gel, capillary electrophoresis, applications

**UNIT -IV** 09 Hours

Gas chromatography - Introduction, theory, instrumentation, derivatization, temperature programming, advantages, disadvantages and applications

High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC)-Introduction, theory, instrumentation, advantages and applications.

**UNIT -V** 07 Hours

Ion exchange chromatography- Introduction, classification, ion exchange resins, properties, mechanism of ion exchange process, factors affecting ion exchange, methodology and applications

Gel chromatography- Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications

Affinity chromatography- Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications



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### Semester VIII

Course code	Name of the course	Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams			Total Marks
		Continuous Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
BP801T	Biostatistics and Research Methodology – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP802T	Social and Preventive Pharmacy – Theory	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
BP803ET	Pharmaceutical Marketing – Theory	10 + 10 = 20	15 + 15 = 30	1 + 1 = 2 Hrs	25 + 25 = 50	75 + 75 = 150	3 + 3 = 6 Hrs	100 + 100 = 200
BP804ET	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science – Theory							
BP805ET	Pharmacovigilance – Theory							
BP806ET	Quality Control and Standardizations of Herbals – Theory							
BP807ET	Computer Aided Drug Design – Theory							
BP808ET	Cell and Molecular Biology – Theory							
BP809ET	Cosmetic Science – Theory							
BP810ET	Experimental Pharmacology – Theory							
BP811ET	Advanced Instrumentation Techniques – Theory							
BP812PW	Project Work	-	-	-	-	150	4 Hrs	150



# GURUGRAM GLOBAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY GURUGRAM

Approved by AICTE, Govt. Of India & Pharmacy Council of India  
Affiliated to Pt. B.D. Sharma University of Health Sciences Rohtak  
Affiliated to Haryana Board of Technical Education.

## BP804 ET: PHARMACEUTICAL REGULATORY SCIENCE (Theory)

45Hours

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart the fundamental knowledge on the regulatory requirements for approval of new drugs, drug products in regulated countries like US, EU, Japan, Australia and Canada. It prepares the students to learn in detail on the regulatory requirements, documentation requirements, and registration procedures for marketing the drug products in regulated countries.

**Objective:** Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to;

1. Know about the process of drug discovery and development
2. Know the regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals
3. Know the regulatory approval process and their registration in Indian and international markets

### Course content:

#### Unit I 10hours

##### New Drug Discovery and development

Stages of drug discovery, Drug development process, pre-clinical studies, non-clinical activities, clinical studies, Innovator and generics, Concept of generics, Generic drug product development.

#### Unit II 10hours

##### Regulatory Approval Process

Approval processes and timelines involved in Investigational New Drug (IND), New Drug Application (NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA) in US, Changes to an approved NDA / ANDA.

##### Regulatory authorities and agencies

Overview of regulatory authorities of United States, European Union, Australia, Japan, Canada (Organization structure and types of applications)

#### Unit III 10hours

##### Registration of India's drug product in overseas market

Procedure for export of pharmaceutical products, Technical documentation, Drug Master Files (DMF), Common Technical Document (CTD), electronic Common Technical

Document (eCTD), ASEAN Common Technical Document (ACTD) research.

#### Unit IV 08hours

##### Clinical trials

Developing clinical trial protocols, Institutional Review Board / Independent Ethics committee - formation and working procedures, Informed consent process and procedures, GCP obligations of Investigators, sponsors & Monitors, Managing and Monitoring clinical trials, Pharmacovigilance - safety monitoring in clinical trials

#### Unit V 07hours

##### Regulatory Concepts

Basic terminologies, guidance, guidelines, regulations, laws and acts, Orange book, Federal Register, Code of Federal Regulatory, Purple book



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## BP 805T: PHARMACOVIGILANCE (Theory)

45 hours

**Scope:** This paper will provide an opportunity for the student to learn about development of pharmacovigilance as a science, basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance, global scenario of Pharmacovigilance, train students on establishing pharmacovigilance programme in an organization, various methods that can be used to generate safety data and signal detection. This paper also develops the skills of classifying drugs, diseases and adverse drug reactions.

**Objectives:**

*At completion of this paper it is expected that students will be able to (know, do, and appreciate):*

1. Why drug safety monitoring is important?
2. History and development of pharmacovigilance
3. National and international scenario of pharmacovigilance
4. Dictionaries, coding and terminologies used in pharmacovigilance
5. Detection of new adverse drug reactions and their assessment
6. International standards for classification of diseases and drugs
7. Adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in pharmacovigilance
8. Methods to generate safety data during pre-clinical, clinical and post approval phases of drugs' life cycle
9. Drug safety evaluation in paediatrics, geriatrics, pregnancy and lactation
10. Pharmacovigilance Program of India (PvPI)
11. ICH guidelines for ICSR, PSUR, expedited reporting, pharmacovigilance planning
12. CIOMS requirements for ADR reporting
13. Writing case narratives of adverse events and their quality.

### Course Content

Unit I	10 Hours
Introduction to Pharmacovigilance <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• History and development of Pharmacovigilance</li><li>• Importance of safety monitoring of Medicine</li><li>• WHO international drug monitoring programme</li><li>• Pharmacovigilance Program of India(PvPI)</li></ul>	
Introduction to adverse drug reactions <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Definitions and classification of ADRs</li><li>• Detection and reporting</li><li>• Methods in Causality assessment</li><li>• Severity and seriousness assessment</li><li>• Predictability and preventability assessment</li><li>• Management of adverse drug reactions</li></ul>	
Basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance	

**BP 805T: PHARMACOVIGILANCE (Theory)**

45 hours

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**Course Content**

<b>Unit I</b>	<b>10 Hours</b>
<b>Introduction to Pharmacovigilance</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• History and development of Pharmacovigilance</li><li>• Importance of safety monitoring of Medicine</li><li>• WHO international drug monitoring programme</li><li>• Pharmacovigilance Program of India(PvPI)</li></ul>	
<b>Introduction to adverse drug reactions</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Definitions and classification of ADRs</li><li>• Detection and reporting</li><li>• Methods of Causality assessment</li><li>• Severity and seriousness assessment</li><li>• Predictability and preventability assessment</li><li>• Management of adverse drug reactions</li></ul>	
<b>Basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance</b>	

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Terminologies of adverse medication related events</li> <li>• Regulatory terminologies</li> </ul> <p><b>Unit II</b></p> <p><b>Drug and disease classification</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Anatomical, therapeutic and chemical classification of drugs</li> <li>• International classification of diseases</li> <li>• Daily defined doses</li> <li>• International Non proprietary Names for drugs</li> </ul> <p><b>Drug dictionaries and coding in pharmacovigilance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• WHO adverse reaction terminologies</li> <li>• MedDRA and Standardised MedDRA queries</li> <li>• WHO drug dictionary</li> <li>• Extravigilance medical product dictionary</li> </ul> <p><b>Information resources in pharmacovigilance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Basic drug information resources</li> <li>• Specialised resources for ADRs</li> </ul> <p><b>Establishing pharmacovigilance programme</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Establishing in a hospital</li> <li>• Establishment &amp; operation of drug safety department in industry</li> <li>• Contract Research Organisations (CROs)</li> <li>• Establishing a national programme</li> </ul>	10 hours
<p><b>Unit III</b></p> <p><b>Vaccine safety surveillance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vaccine Pharmacovigilance</li> <li>• Vaccination failure</li> <li>• Adverse events following immunization</li> </ul> <p><b>Pharmacovigilance methods</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Passive surveillance – Spontaneous reports and case series</li> <li>• Stimulated reporting</li> <li>• Active surveillance – Sentinel sites, drug event monitoring and registries</li> <li>• Comparative observational studies – Cross sectional study, case control study and cohort study</li> <li>• Targeted clinical investigations</li> </ul> <p><b>Communication in pharmacovigilance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Effective communication in Pharmacovigilance</li> <li>• Communication in Drug Safety Crisis management</li> <li>• Communicating with Regulatory Agencies, Business Partners, Healthcare facilities &amp; Media</li> </ul>	10 hours
<p><b>Unit IV</b></p> <p><b>Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety data</b></p>	3 hours

<p><b>Safety data generation</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pre clinical phase</li> <li>• Clinical phase</li> <li>• Post approval phase</li> </ul> <p><b>ICH Guidelines for Pharmacovigilance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organization and objectives of ICH</li> <li>• Expedited reporting</li> <li>• Individual case safety reports</li> <li>• Periodic safety update reports</li> <li>• Post approval expedited reporting</li> <li>• Pharmacovigilance planning</li> <li>• Good clinical practice in pharmacovigilance studies</li> </ul>	7 hours
<p><b>Unit V</b></p> <p><b>Pharmacogenomics of adverse drug reactions</b></p> <p><b>Drug safety evaluation in special population</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pediatrics</li> <li>• Pregnancy and lactation</li> <li>• Geriatrics</li> </ul> <p><b>CIOMS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CIOMS Working Groups</li> <li>• CIOMS Form</li> </ul> <p><b>CDS-CO (India) and Pharmacovigilance</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D&amp;C Act and Schedule Y</li> <li>• Differences in Indian and global pharmacovigilance requirements</li> </ul>	